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CYBERSECURITY

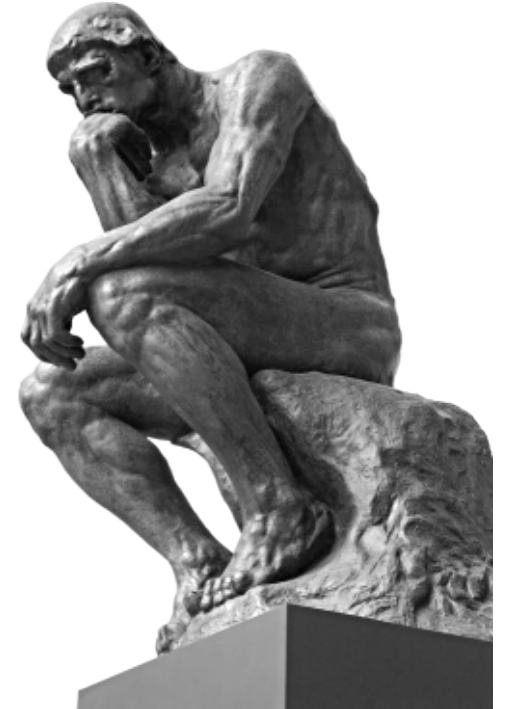
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An Analysis of Cybersecurity Legislation and Policy Creation

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The Problem

- Cybersecurity legislation is important.
 - Difficult to pass
 - Technology is ever changing
- There are very few studies that attempt draw from legislation across all 50 states.



Our Goal

Provide the state of Indiana with a searchable database of legislation

- This could serve as a baseline when considering new policies.
- It could be used to identify major trends.



What We Did

- Researched and classified 500 bills related to cybersecurity
 - 454 – State
 - 46 – Federal
- Organized bills with metadata into a searchable database (Airtable)
- Performed preliminary analysis of the data



Policy Classification

- Government Service
- Finance
- Defense
- Energy
- Water/Wastewater
- Communications
- Healthcare
- Elections
- Economic Development
- Workforce Development
- Personal Identifiable Information
- Public Awareness and Training
- Education
- Emergency Services and Exercise
- Cyber Sharing
- Cyber Organizations (Center)
- Cyber Pre Thru Post Incident
- Legal/Insurance
- Local Government
- Other critical infrastructure



LegiScan Search

[View Top 50 Searches](#)**State:**

Select area of search.

Bill Number:

Find an exact bill number.

Full Text Search:Search bill text and data. [\[help\]](#)[Reset](#)

LegiScan Trends

[View Top 50 National](#)[NH HB1787](#) Relative to the rights of conscience for

CA AB1306 | 2017-2018 | Regular Session



California Assembly Bill 1306

[CA State Legislature page for AB1306](#)[Summary](#)[Sponsors](#)[Texts](#)[Votes](#)[Research](#)[Comments](#)[Track](#)

Status

Spectrum: Partisan Bill (Republican 1-0)

Status: Vetoed on October 11 2017 - 100% progression

Action: 2018-01-12 - Stricken from file.

Text: [Latest bill text \(Enrolled\)](#) [\[HTML\]](#)

Summary

An act to add Section 8586.5 to the Government Code, relating to emergency services.

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Organization of Metadata

- **Bill number**
- **State**
- **Type of policy**
- **Type of legislation**
- **Originator (senate, house, bipartisan)**
- **Year introduced**
- **Status**
- Link to online source
- Related legislation
- Description
- Political party affiliation
- Bill sponsor
- Link to vote count information



<input type="checkbox"/>	Bill Number	State	Year	Type of Legislation	State Legislature	Type of Policy (Select all that apply.)
1	HB23	Alaska	2011	Bill	House	Legal/Insurance
2	HB144	Alaska	2013	Bill	House	Personal Identifiable Information
3	SB210	Alaska	2014	Bill	Senate	Education Personal Identifiable Information
4	HB85	Alaska	2015	Bill	House	Education Personal Identifiable Information
5	HB96	Alaska	2015	Bill	House	Personal Identifiable Information
6	SB3	Alaska	2015	Bill	Senate	Education Personal Identifiable Information
7	HB2577	Arizona	2013	Bill	House	Cyber Sharing Energy Other Critical Infrastructure
8	HB2469	Arizona	2013	Bill	House	Personal Identifiable Information
9	HB2647	Arizona	2015	Bill	House	Cyber Organizations Government Service
10	SB1464	Arizona	2015	Bill	Senate	Education Personal Identifiable Information
11	HB2046	Arizona	2016	Bill	House	Cyber Pre Through Post Incident
12	SB1352	Arizona	2016	Bill	Senate	Legal/Insurance
13	HB2582	Arizona	2016	Bill	Senate	Education Personal Identifiable Information
14	SB1389	Arizona	2016	Bill	Senate	Education Personal Identifiable Information
15	HB1691	Arkansas	2015	Bill	House	Cyber Sharing Personal Identifiable Information

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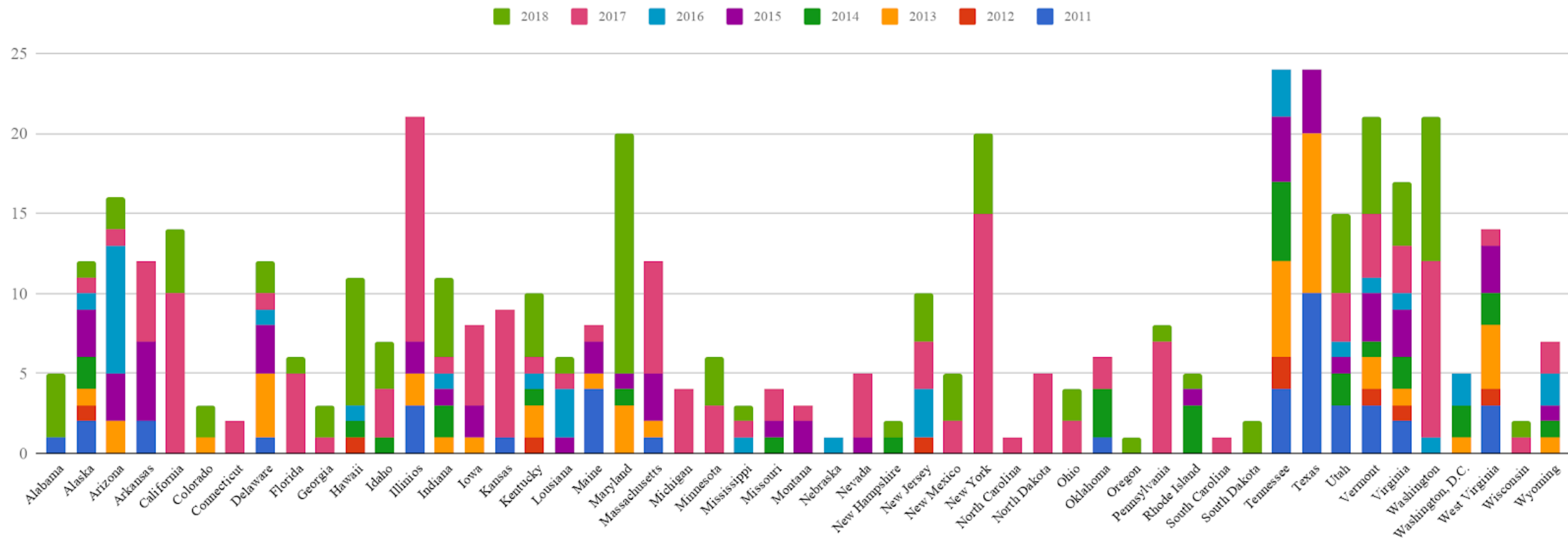
Analysis

- All 50 states were examined.
 - Most states only had between 1-10 total policies.
 - Only 9 states had 20 or more.
- Dates were important.
 - States that introduced policies before 2016 – Not active.
 - States that introduced policies after 2016 – Active.
- Active states



Illinois, Maryland, New York, and Vermont



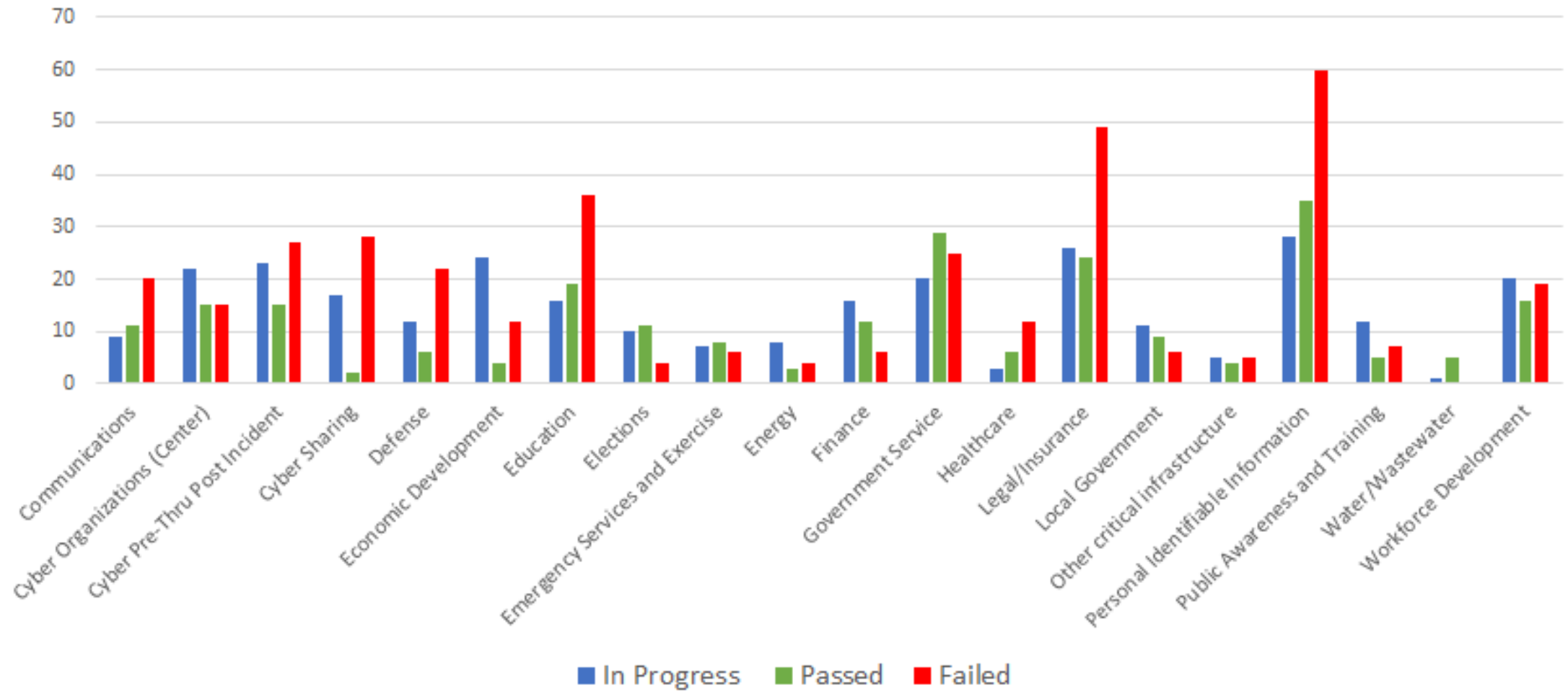
Dates States Were Actively Passing Legislation



Analysis Cont.

- Failed Legislation
 - Larger percentage of failed bills than passed bills
 -  – highest failure rates
 -  – highest success rates
- Vetoed Bills
 - Only 5 bills were vetoed

Status of Policy Types



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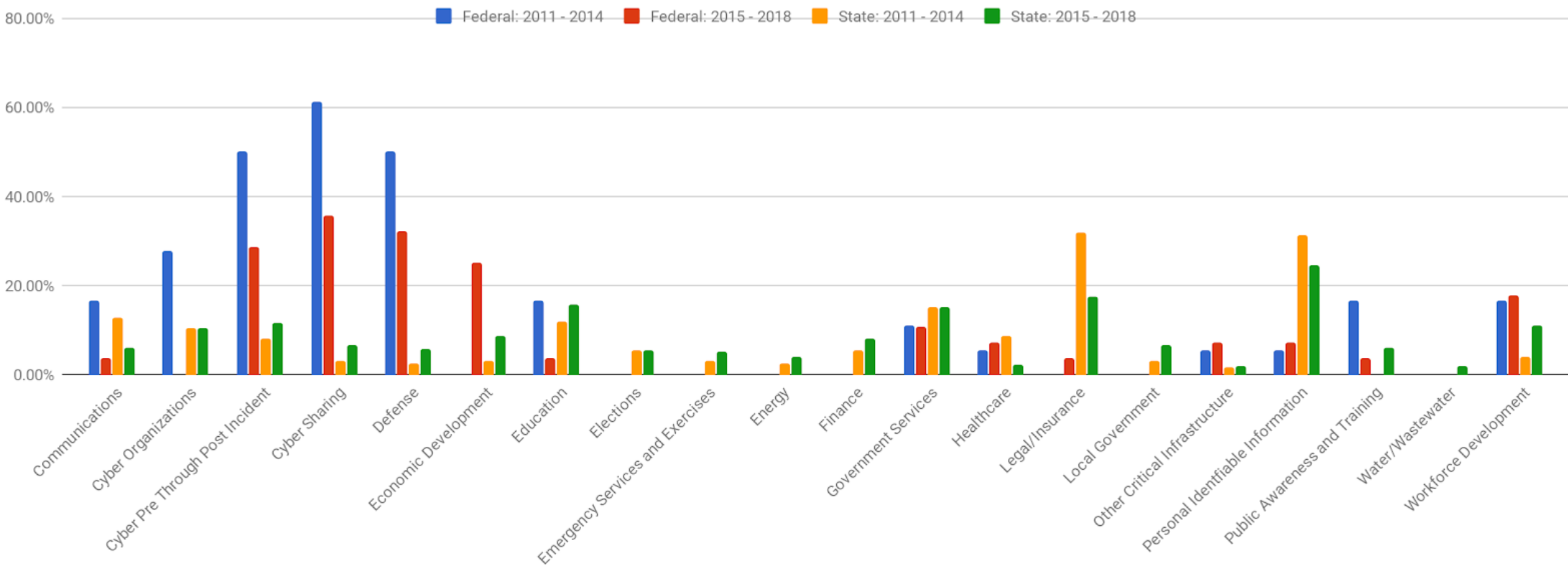
Analysis continued

Influence of Federal Legislation

- Federal legislation is focused on
 - Defense
 - Cyber Pre-through-Post Incident
 - Cyber sharing
- State legislation is focused on:
 - Education
 - Personally Identifiable Information
 - Government Services
 - Legal



Categories as a Percent of Federal and State Policies Surveyed



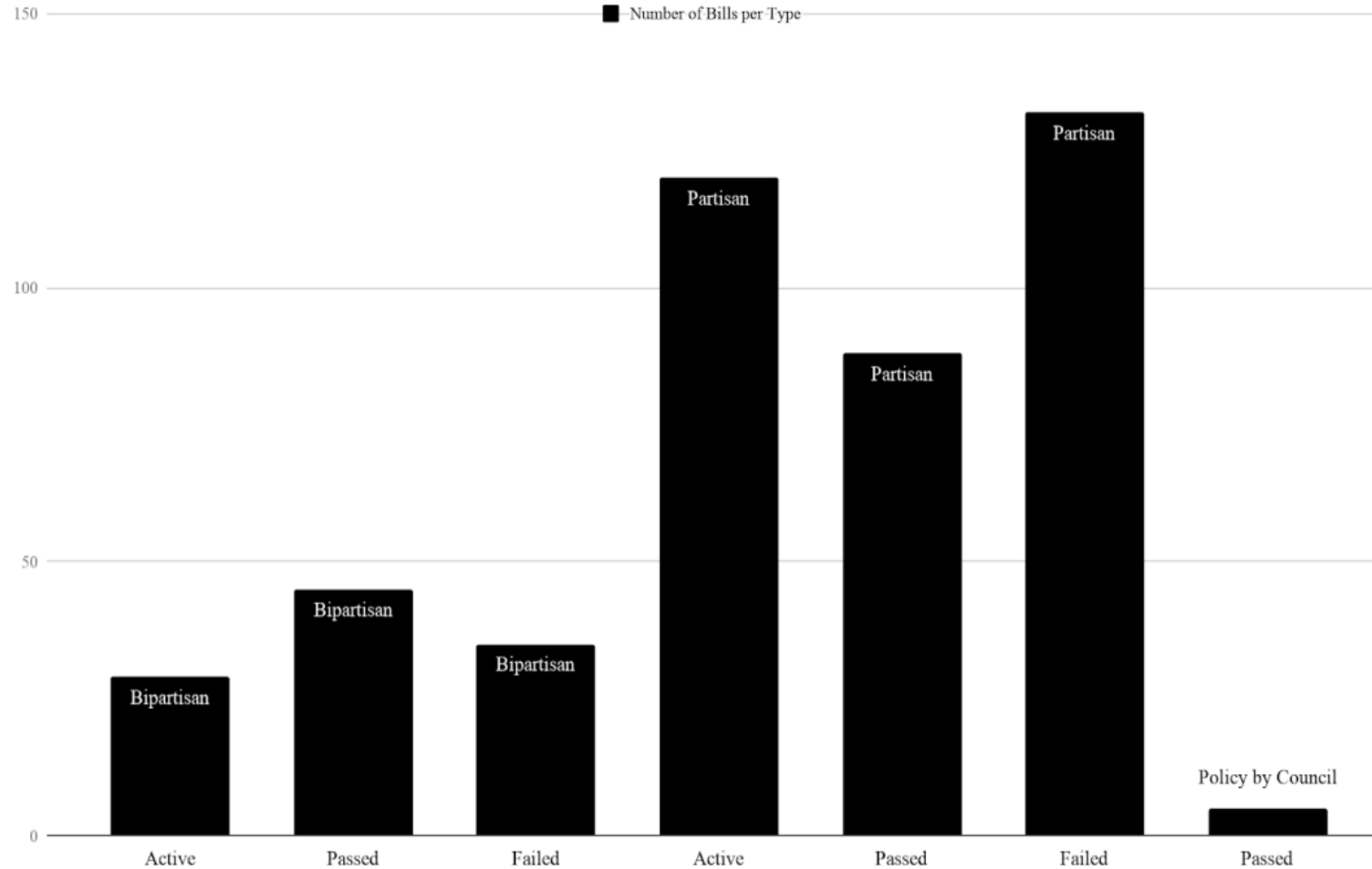
Analysis continued

Bipartisan Policy Creation

- Bipartisan attempts – 56% success
- Partisan attempts – 40 % success



Bipartisan vs Partisan Efforts



Challenges

Varying terminology

- Verbiage varied from state to state.

Determining relevance

- Desired topics were buried in unrelated content.

Tracing a bill's origin

Originates in house or senate



Conclusion

State bills

- 305 total
- 138 Passed
- 167 Failed
- Success rate of 45%

Bipartisan success

- Bipartisan bills had 56% success
- Partisan bills had 40% success

States leading the way in Cybersecurity

- Vermont
- Virginia



Future Work

- Correlation between legislation and cyber events
Example: Equifax breach
- Measure impact of key successful legislation over time
Did the legislation have the intended effect?
- Examination of failed legislation
Learn from mistakes of the past



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